

1°
giorno di
quotazione
BORSA ITALIANA Euronext



GENERALFINANCE Company Profile



Generalfinance - Overview

Generalfinance: A Long and Successful Story



PIONEER IN FACTORING

RE-ORGANISATION
BY M. GIANOLLI

BUSINESS MODEL EVOLUTION TO
BECOME THE LEADING PLAYER IN
FACTORING FOR ITALIAN DISTRESSED
COMPANIES

OPENING UP TO
INTERNATIONAL
MARKETS

1982

1990

1995

2006

2009-10

2015

2017

2022

2024

2025

Incorporation
of the
company

Start of the
factoring
business

Entry in the
UTP market

Entry of industrial
partners in the
share capital

M. Gianolli becomes
the controlling
shareholder

Incorporation of
GGH s.r.l, parent
company of
Generalfinance

Registration as
financial intermediary
pursuant to art. 106 TUB

Strategic agreement with
Cre.Val. that acquires
46.81% of share capital

Opening of
the first
International
branch in
Spain

Listing on the
STAR segment
of
Borsaitaliana

Announcement
of commercial
partnership with
SACE Group

Long-standing experience, specialization and unique positioning

A Sound and Long-Term Oriented Business Model

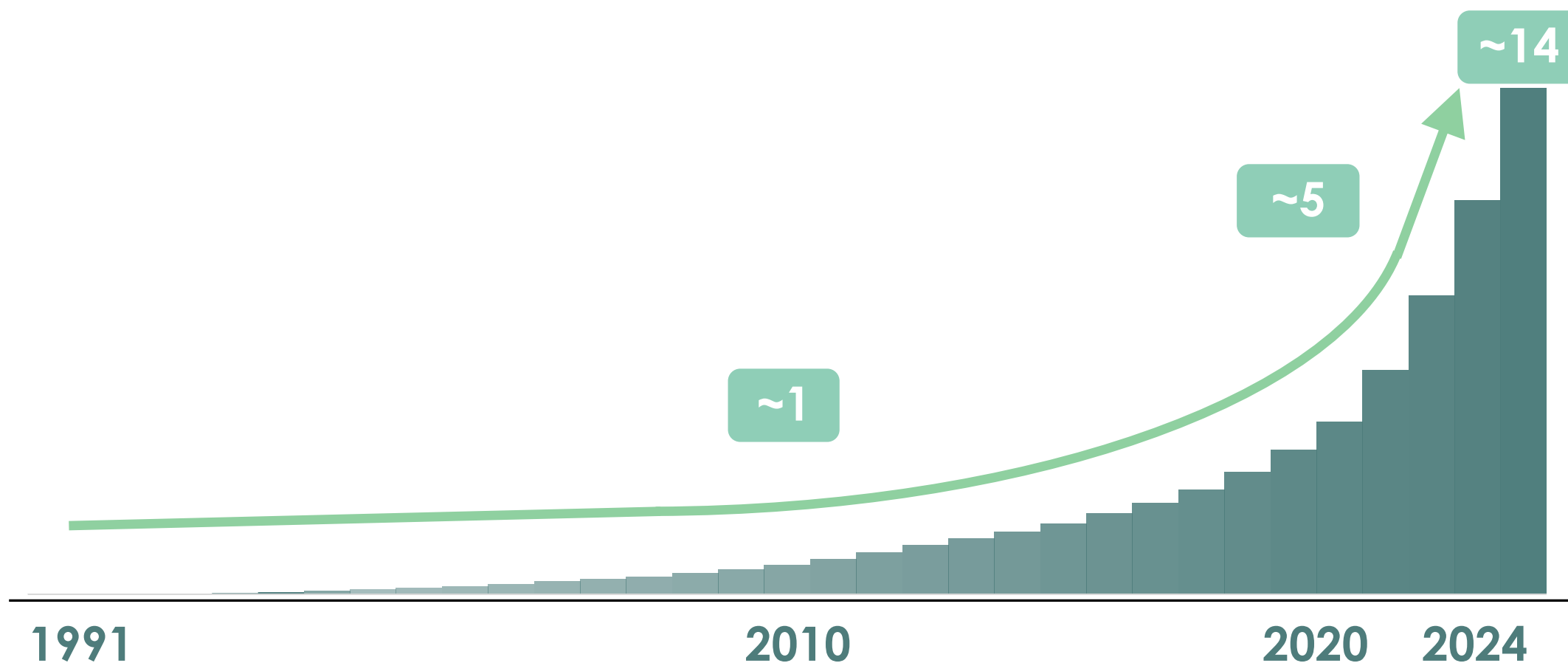
Sustainability of financial results over >30 years

Cumulative Turnover €bn

CAGR 91' - 10'
+95%

CAGR 10' - 20'
+15%

CAGR 20' - 24'
+31%



With a €3 bn turnover in 2024, total factored receivables since the start of the factoring operations (1991) are approximately €14 bn

Factoring is **a flexible tool for the management of working capital**, it offers a wide range of services to release, manage and successfully deliver trade receivables.

The legal instrument underpinning factoring is **the assignment of receivables**, in accordance with Law no. 52 of 21 February 1991 (*Law on the assignment of receivables*).

The law is aimed to regulate and validate the following:

- ✓ Enable the Assignor to sell (assign) receivables, also **future ones**;
- ✓ Ensure the assignability of receivables to a Factor, **even in bulk**;
- ✓ Make it easier for the Assignor to **oppose disposal to Third Parties**.

Through the assignment, the Client transfers the receivables arising from its own business activity to a Factor, who:

- ✓ manages **their collection** and accounting;
- ✓ can provide **protection in the event of default** of the Assigned Debtor (Buyer);
- ✓ can **advance** all or part of the purchase price of the assigned receivables (Prepayment)

Factoring: a Combination of Three Services

1

Credit management (debtor management and payment collection) is the **core business** of a factoring company and allows the creditor to outsource activities that are usually carried out in-house, thus achieving:

- ✓ Greater **effectiveness** (credit management is a Factor's core business)
- ✓ Greater **efficiency** (the Factor benefits from economies of scale)

3

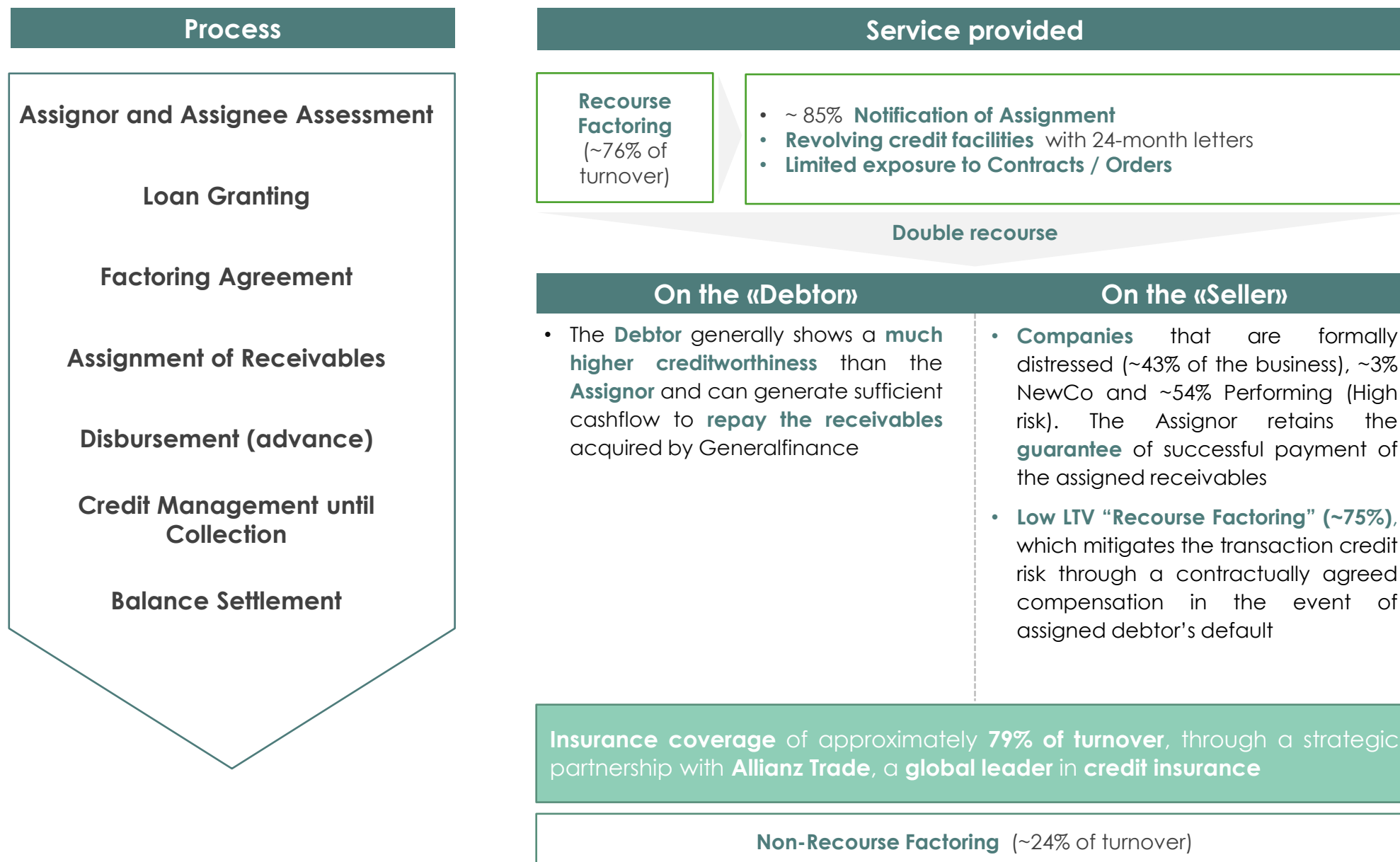
In the **credit insurance** service, the Factor analyzes the **specific features of assigned receivables** and can issue a solvency guarantee)

2

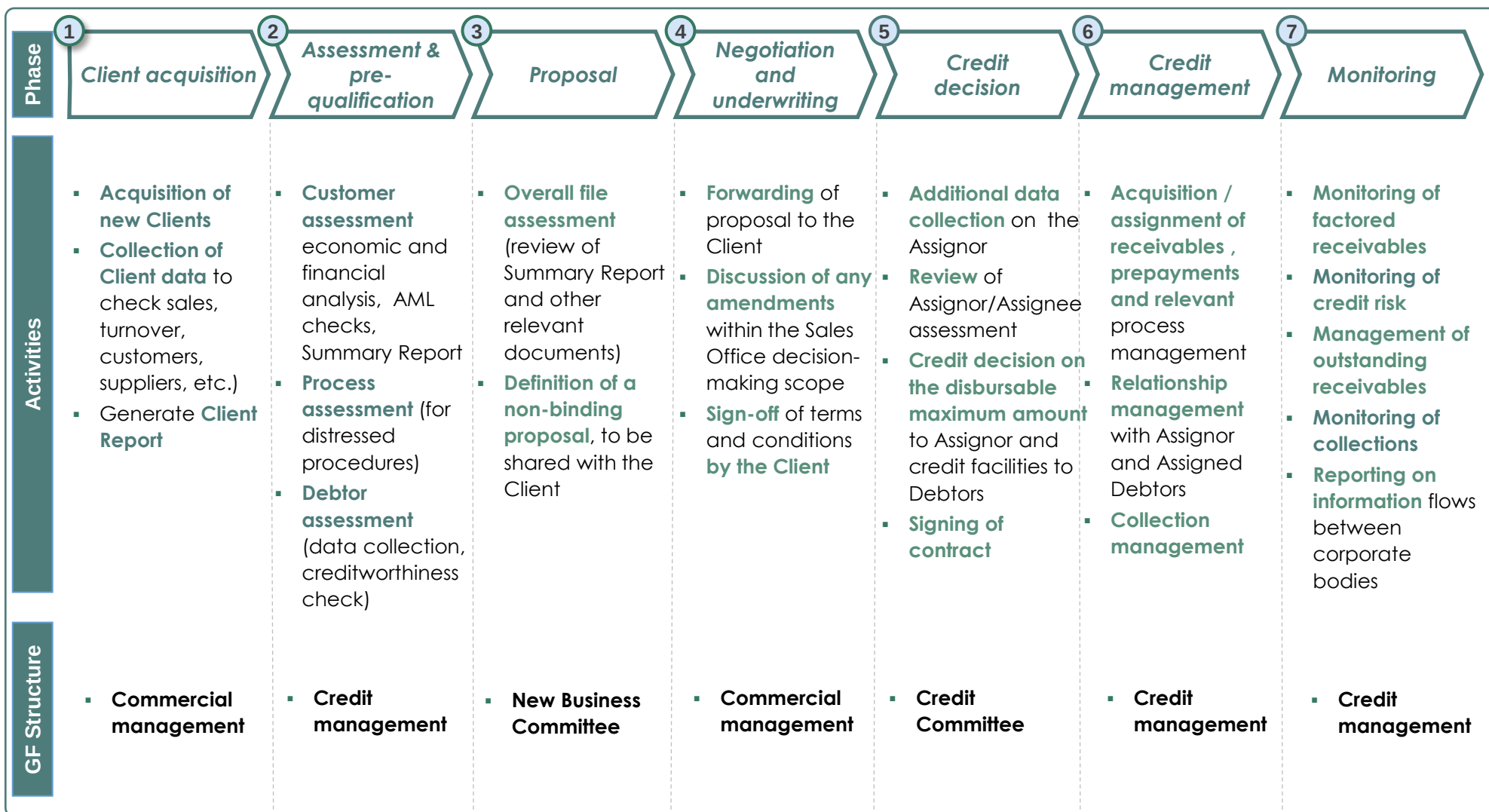
In the **credit financing service**, the Factor **differs from a bank** in that it **analyzes the assigned receivables/debtors** in addition to performing the usual creditworthiness assessments



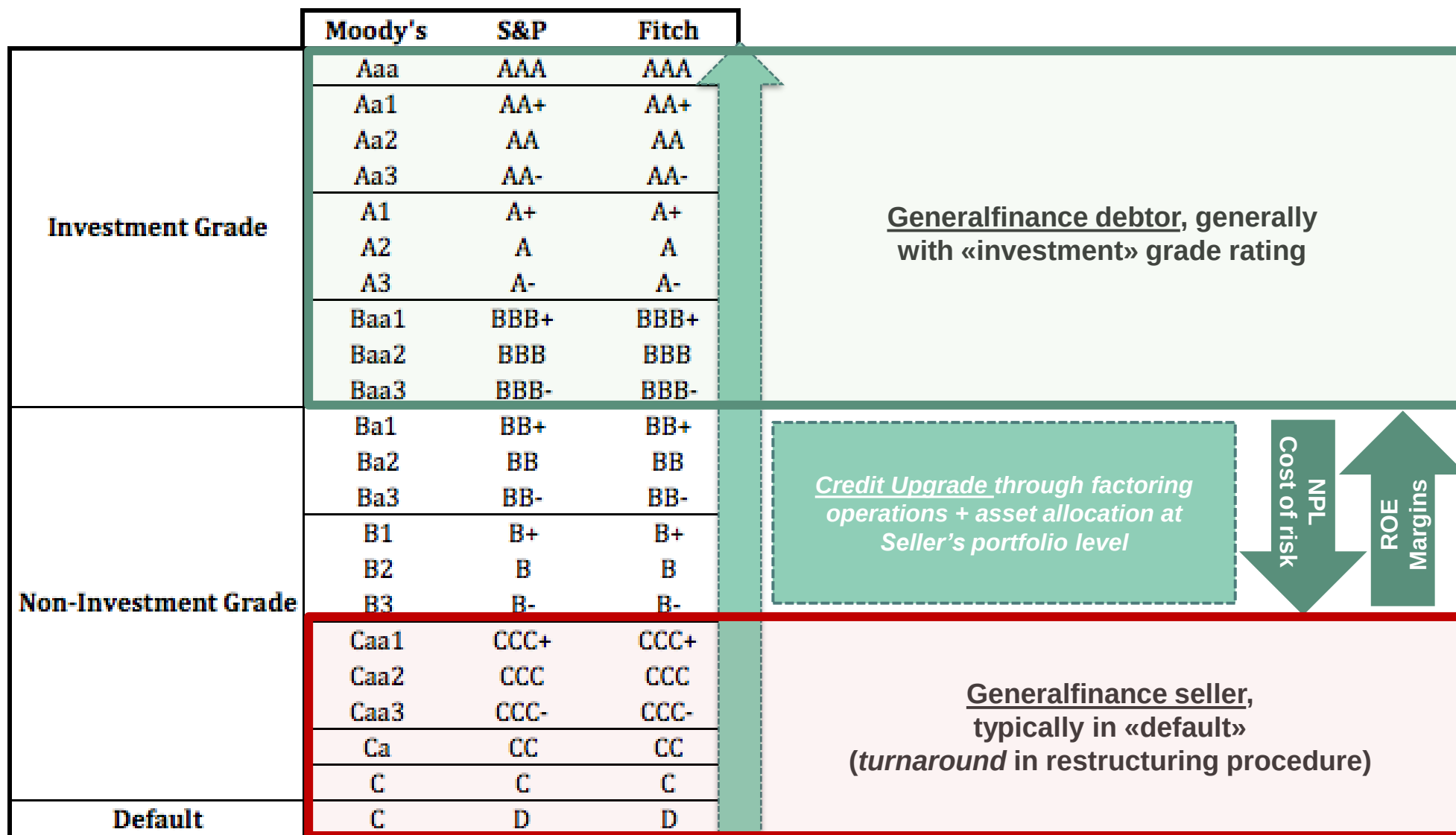
Business Model Breakdown



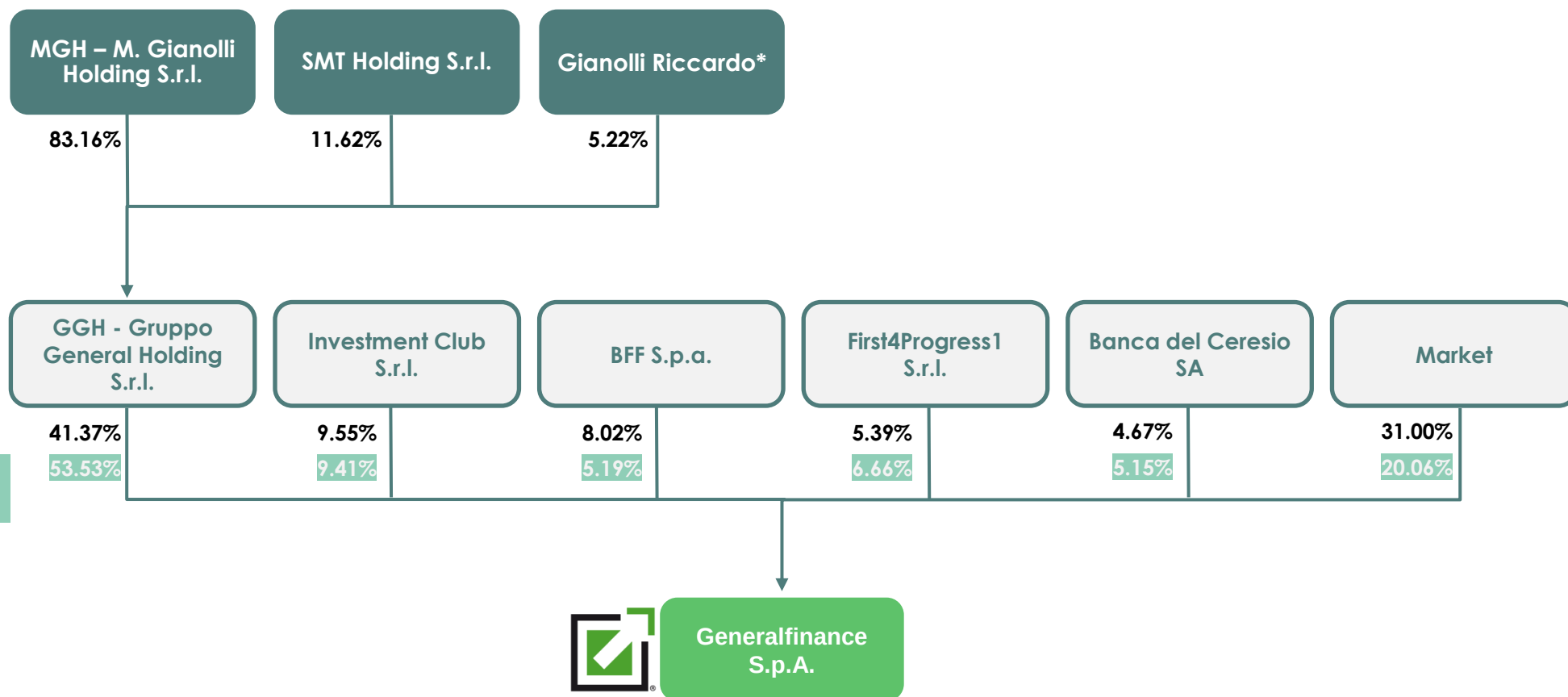
Credit Process Overview



Our Business Model in a Nutshell



Shareholding Structure



Core Business: Distressed Companies (1/2)

Support provided to Italian distressed companies, as follows:

- Certified recovery plans pursuant to art. 67 of Finance Law
- Debt restructuring agreements pursuant to art. 182 bis of Finance Law / 57 CCII
- Arrangements with creditors pursuant to art. 160 ss. of Finance Law / 44 - 84 CCII (provided business continuity is shown)
- Extraordinary administration of large insolvent companies
- Newly established companies (Newco) resulting from corporate restructuring/reorganization
- Negotiated crisis settlements
- Phase of negotiation of crisis regulation instruments



46%¹ of corporate turnover

Support provided when transactions happen under financial stress and are not regulated by the Financial Law

Supporting, for example:

- Companies with limited access to traditional banking
- Companies with high leverage and low margins



54% of corporate turnover*

Core Business: Special Situation (2/2)

Areas of intervention and characteristics

Assignors
Only Italian,
Private Companies

- ✓ **Manufacturing industry**, services, trade
- ✓ **NO real estate**, investment holding companies, and industries that do not have trade receivables arising from the provision of goods or services

Assignees
Italian and Foreign,
Private Companies
and PA

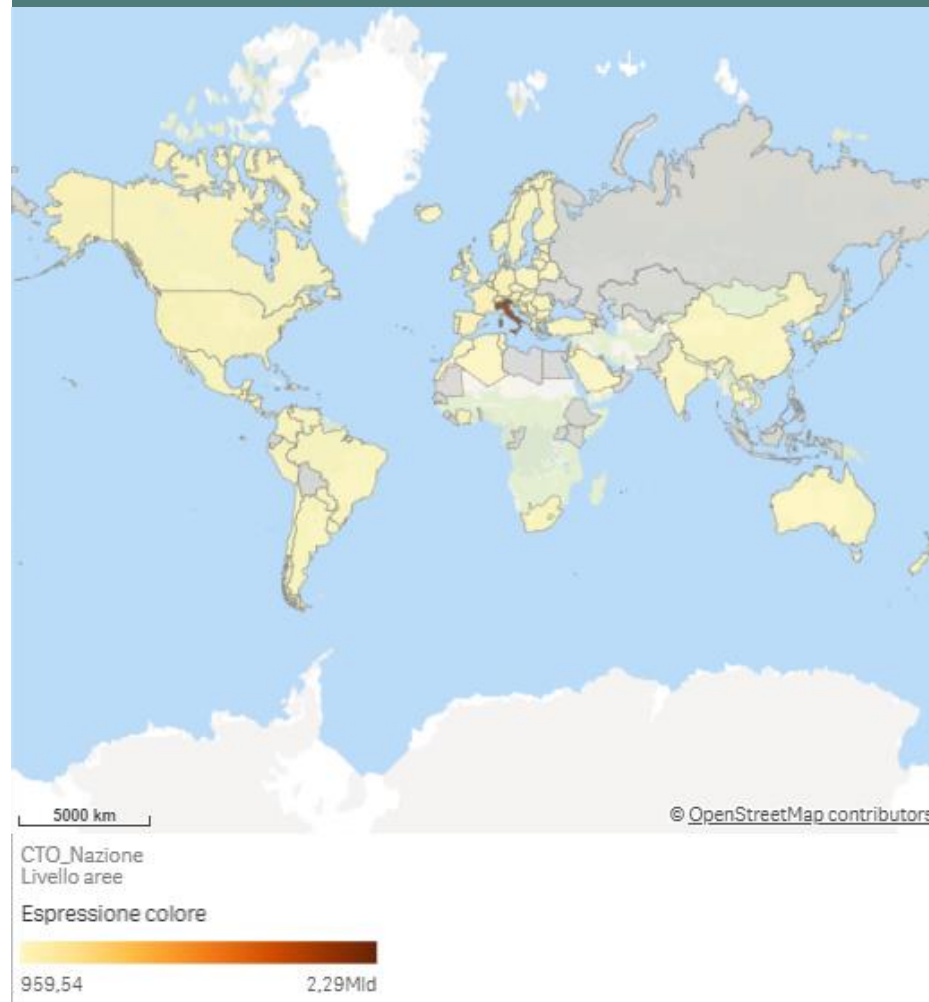
- ✓ **Performing 'investment-grade' companies in the manufacturing, trade and service sectors**
- ✓ **Regions, Ministries and certified receivables** from Local Health Authorities (ASL)
- ✓ **Foreign assigned debtors**, excluding high-risk or uninsurable countries
- ✓ **High risk fractioning at the level of individual Assigned Debtor**

Support for Internationalization

Generalfinance - also thanks to the historical partnership with **Allianz Trade** - is able to support manufacturing companies in all the main countries of the world, disinvesting invoices and managing credit collection (international factoring).

In 2024, **approximately 24.4% of turnover was related to Foreign Assigned Debtors**, mainly in Europe and North America.

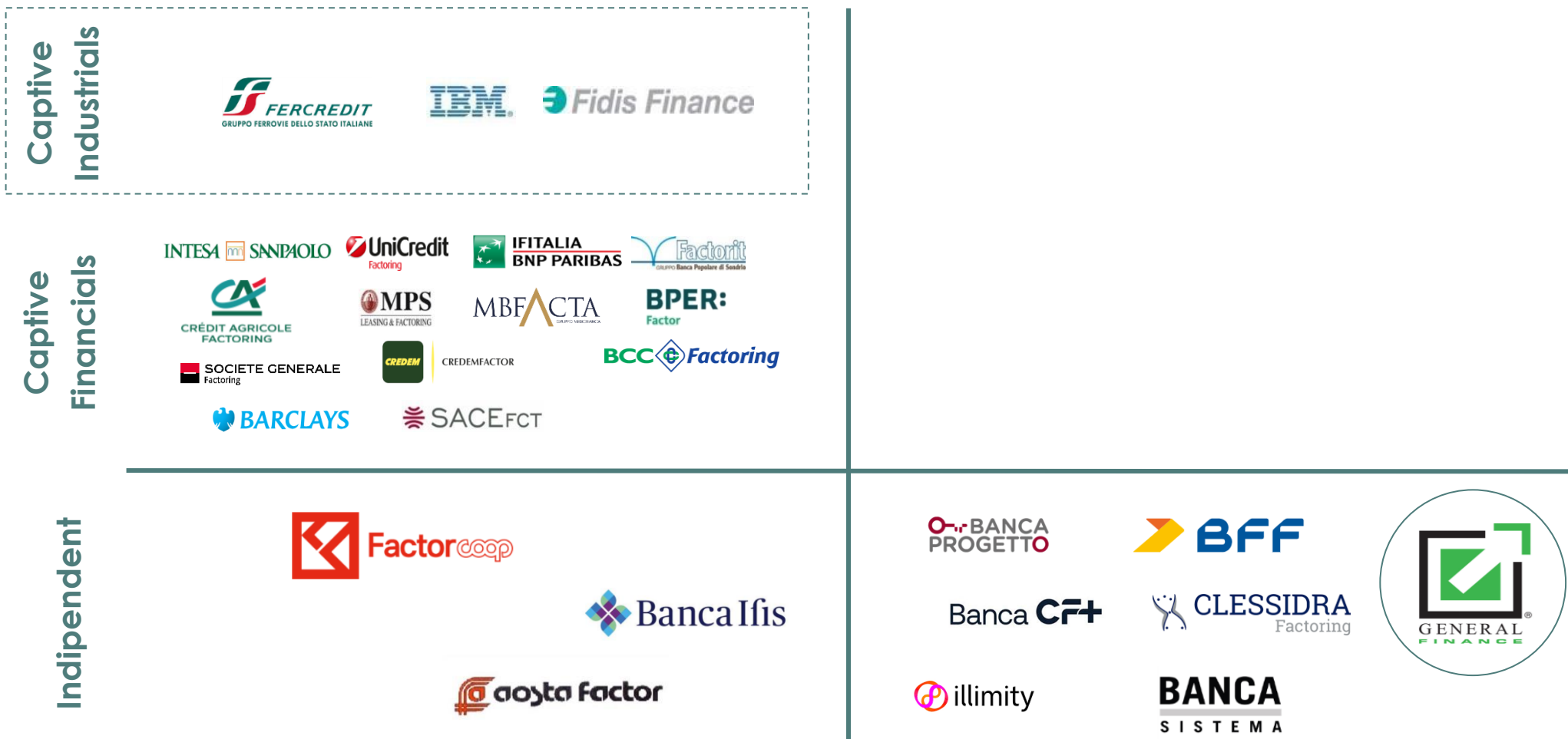
Turnover 2024 - foreign countries with invoices disinvested by Generalfinance



Competitive Positioning

Generalist

Specialist



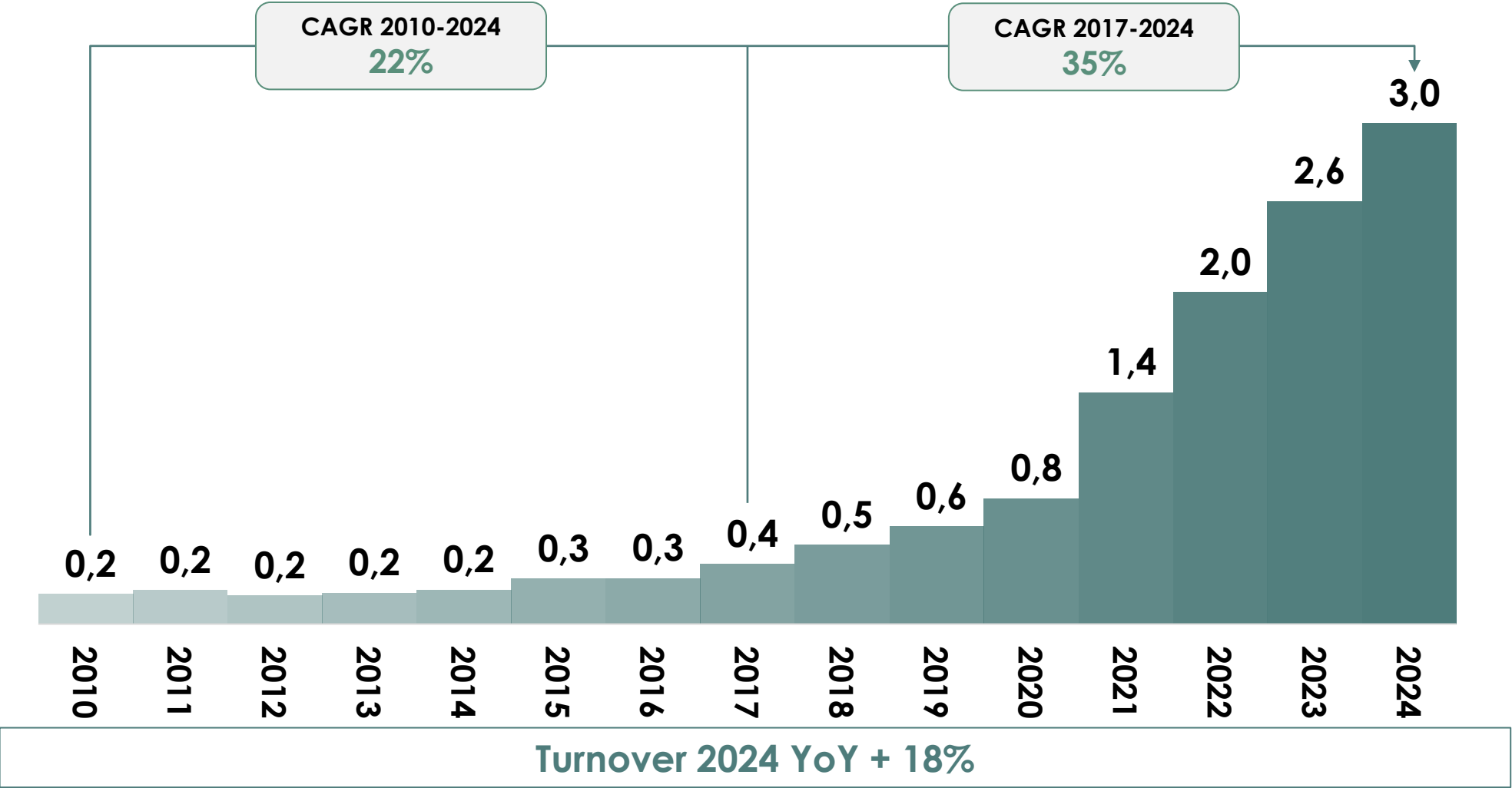
Generalfinance is an independent player focusing on distressed debt financing

Generalfinance – Financial Results

Turnover - Historical Data Sets



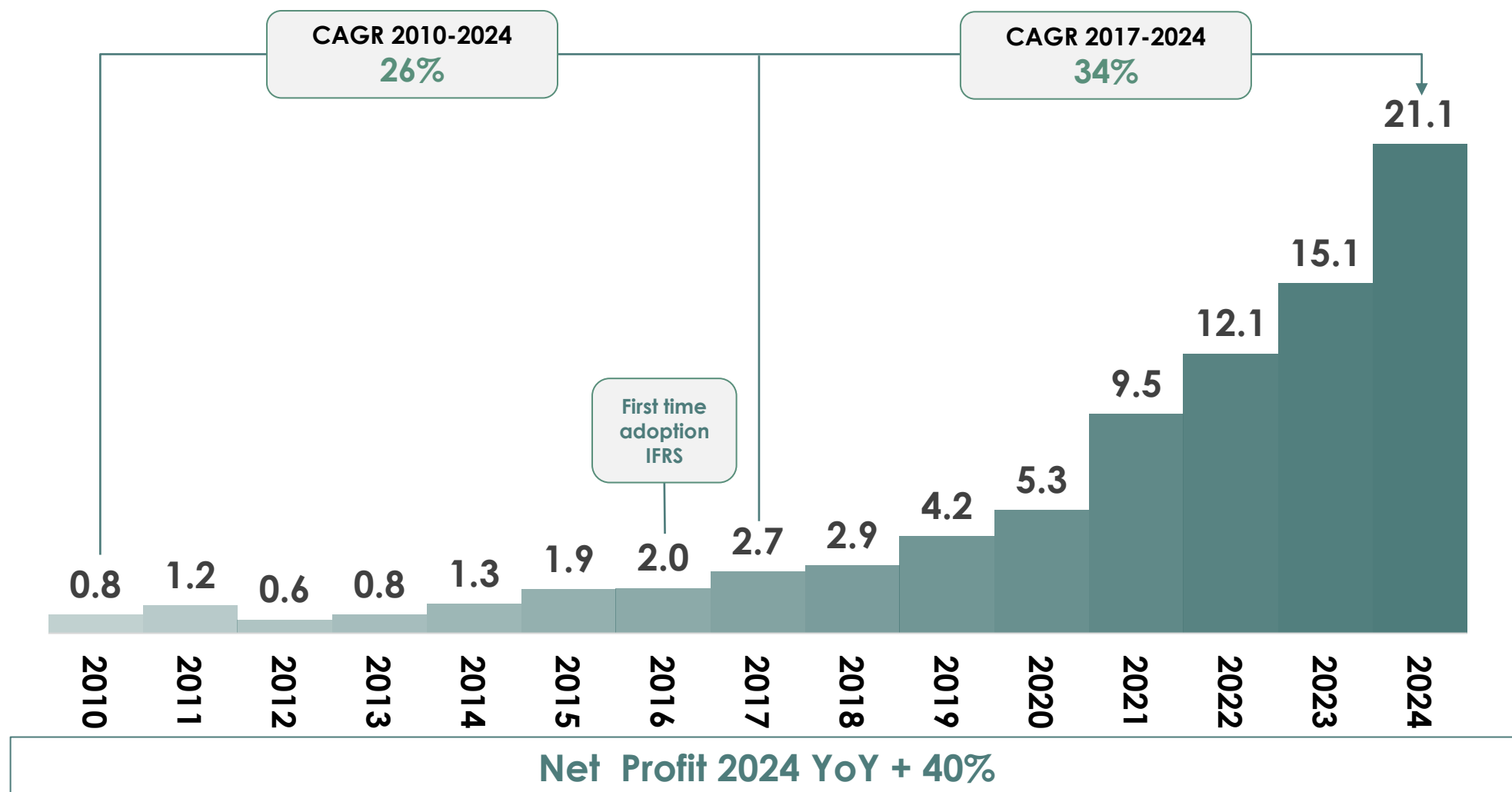
Steady growth in turnover volume, particularly from 2017, following recapitalization and strengthening of funding profile



Data expressed in billion of Euro

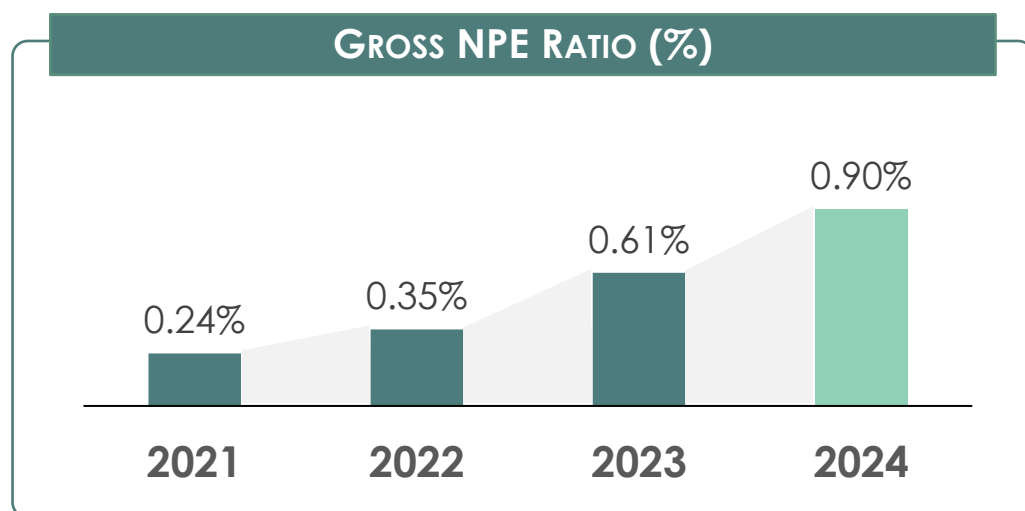
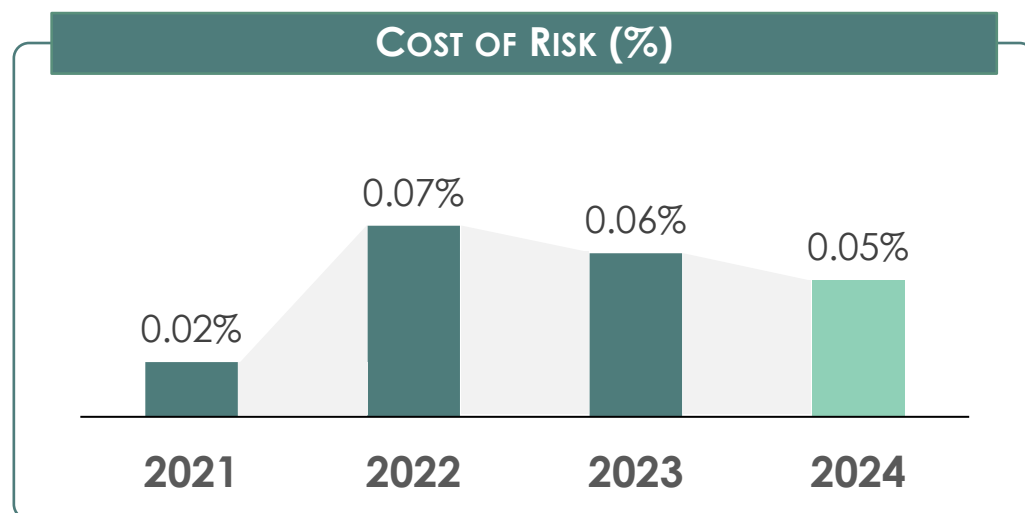
Net Profit - Historical Data Sets

Positive results with **stable profit growth**, particularly from 2017, following recapitalization and strengthening of funding profile



Data expressed in million of Euro
Net Profit 2022 Adj

Asset Quality Evolution



Excellent risk profile with respect to both cost of risk and non-performing credit level

The Main KPIs Behind Our Business

Income Statement (€m)	2021A	2022A	2023A	2024A	YoY%	CAGR '21-'24
Interest Margin	6.2	7.3	9.0	12.4	37.8%	25.7%
Net Commission	17.7	23.6	27.2	36.4	33.7%	27.2%
Net Banking Income	23.9	30.9	36.2	48.8	34.9%	26.8%
Net value adjustments / write-backs for credit risk	(0.2)	(1.2)	(1.3)	(1.2)	(7.7%)	75.1%
Operating Costs	(9.8)	(13.2)	(12.9)	(16.0)	24.0%	17.9%
Net Profit	9.5	10.9	15.1	21.1	40.0%	30.7%

(€m)	2021A	2022A	2023A	2024A	YoY%	CAGR '21-'24
Turnover	1,402.9	2,009.4	2,559.3	3,029.5	18.4%	29.3%
Disbursed Amount	1,118.5	1,674.0	2,161.4	2,393.6	10.7%	28.9%
LTV	79.7%	83.3%	84.5%	79.0%	(6.4%)	(0.3%)
LTV Pro-solvendo	78.6%	81.6%	79.7%	75.9%	(4.8%)	(1.2%)

Net Banking Income / Average Loan (%)	9.6%	8.7%	8.5%	9.1%	6.1%	(1.9%)
Interest Margin / Net Banking Income (%)	26.0%	23.5%	24.8%	25.4%	2.2%	(0.9%)
Cost Income Ratio	40.9%	42.7%	35.7%	32.9%	(8.0%)	(7.0%)
ROE (%)	42.0%	23.7%	29.3%	35.8%	21.9%	(5.2%)

Balance Sheet (€m)	2021A	2022A	2023A	2024A	YoY%	CAGR '21-'24
Cash & Cash Equivalents	33.5	43.7	21.7	122.4	465.0%	54.0%
Financial Assets	321.0	385.4	462.4	614.9	33.0%	24.2%
Other Assets	10.8	14.7	15.9	32.3	102.7%	43.8%
Total Assets	365.3	443.8	500.0	769.6	53.9%	28.2%
Financial Liabilities	314.6	368.4	409.4	635.2	55.2%	26.4%
Other Liabilities	18.7	18.6	24.2	54.3	124.1%	42.7%
Total Liabilities	333.3	387.0	433.6	689.5	59.0%	27.4%
Shareholder's Equity	32.0	56.8	66.4	80.1	20.6%	35.8%

Note: Turnover includes Future receivables

ROE = Net Profit / (Equity - Net Profit)

Cost Income Ratio: Operating Costs / Net Banking Income



www.generalfinance.it



<https://www.linkedin.com/company/general-finance/>



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